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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
•	10/795,929	PEDLOW ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
_	Carlton V. Johnson	2136				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status ·						
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 October 2007</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	•					
 4) Claim(s) 1-57 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-57 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 						
Application Papers		•				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is responding to application papers filed on **3-8-2004**.

Claims 1 - 57 are pending. Claim 41 has been amended. Claims 1, 9, 16, 23,
 35, 41, 47, 52 are independent.

Response to Arguments

- 3. Applicant's arguments filed 10/5/2007 have been fully considered but they are moot based on new grounds of rejection.
- 3.1 The examiner has considered the applicant's remarks concerning an apparatus for default encryption of content for distribution, consistent with certain embodiments, has a conditional access system. A conditional access management system communicates with and manages the conditional access system. The conditional access management system comprises a memory that stores default encryption information for use by transmission equipment containing content encryption, capability to encrypt certain content upon a communication failure between the content encryption system, and the conditional access management system controlling it. Applicant's arguments have thus been fully analyzed and considered but they are not persuasive.

After an additional analysis of the applicant's invention, remarks, and a search of the available prior art, it was determined that the current set of prior art consisting of Maillard (6,466,671) and Bestler (4,995,080) discloses the applicant's invention including disclosures in Remarks dated October 5, 2007.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 1 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Maillard et al. (US Patent No. 6,466,671) in view of Bestler et al. (US Patent No. 4,995,080).

Regarding Claim 1, Maillard discloses an apparatus for default encryption of content for distribution, comprising:

- a) a conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 6, lines 18-22; col. 6, lines 36-42: access system for management of cable functions, conditional access (CA) module (conditional access system))
- b) a conditional access management system that communicates with and manages the conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 6, lines 36-42; conditional access system (conditional access management system)) and

Maillard discloses wherein a memory storing default encryption information for use by the conditional access system to encrypt certain content. (see Maillard col. 1,

lines 33-34; col. 6, lines 59-62: memory for encryption keys storage) Maillard does

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not specifically disclose whereby encrypt certain content upon a communication

failure between the conditional access system and the conditional access

management system.

However, Bestler discloses wherein:

c) default encryption information for use by the conditional access system to encrypt certain content upon a communication failure between the conditional access system and the conditional access management system. (see Bestler col. 3,

lines 1-6; col. 5, lines 19-22; col. 5, lines 37-39; col. 5, lines 60-63; encryption

information (default) utilized for decryption during communications failure)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Maillard as taught by Bestler to enable the capability for usage by the conditional access system to encrypt certain content upon a communication failure between the conditional access system and the conditional access management system. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Bestler in order to enable the capability for a novel and improved method to operate a pay television (cable system) and permit a subscriber to self-authorize his equipment to unscramble pay per view programs. (see Bestler col. 1, lines 28-32: "

... This invention relates generally to a novel method of operating a pay television system and particularly to an improved method of operating a pay television system that permits a subscriber to self-authorize his terminal to unscramble special pay per

view television programs. ... ")

Regarding Claims 2, 10, 18, 25, 31, 37, Maillard discloses the apparatus of claims 1, 9, 16, 23, 29, 35, wherein the default encryption information comprises default encryption keys. (see Maillard col. 1, lines 33-37; col. 6, lines 59-62; col. 6, lines 55-58: encryption information (keys) for content encryption, stored)

Regarding Claims 3, 11, 19, 26, 32, 38, Maillard discloses the apparatus of claims 2, 10, 18, 25, 31, 37, wherein the default encryption keys are unique for each of a plurality of channels. (see Maillard col. 1, lines 64 - col. 2, line 1; col. 4, lines 49-54: encryption key unique for each channel)

Regarding Claim 4, Maillard discloses the apparatus of claim 1, further comprising a control computer that initializes the configuration memory with the default encryption information. (see Maillard col. 1, lines 33-37; col. 6, lines 59-62; col. 1, line 61 - col. 2, line 1: memory, setup configuration information (encryption information))

Regarding Claims 5, 12, 20, 27, 33, 39, Maillard discloses the apparatus of claims 1, 9, 16, 23, 29, 35, wherein the configuration memory comprises a non-volatile memory. (see Maillard col. 1, lines 33-37; col. 6, lines 59-62: non-volatile memory utilized for operational (configuration) information)

Regarding Claims 6, 13, Maillard discloses the apparatus of claims 1, 9, wherein the

content is encrypted with the encryption information. (see Maillard col. 6, lines 45-49; col. 7, lines 46-49; col. 6, lines 55-58: content encrypted, pre-setup configuration information (encryption keys)) Maillard does not specifically disclose whereby if a communication failure occurs between the conditional access management system and the conditional access system. However, Bestler discloses wherein, content is encrypted with the default encryption information if a communication failure occurs between the conditional access management system and the conditional access system. (see Bestler col. 3, lines 1-6; col. 5, lines 19-22; col. 5, lines 37-39; col. 5, lines 60-63: encryption information (default) utilized for decryption during communications failure)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Maillard as taught by Bestler to enable the capability for encryption with the default encryption information if a communication failure occurs. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Bestler in order to enable the capability for a novel and improved method to operate a pay television (cable system) and permit a subscriber to self-authorize his equipment to unscramble pay per view programs. (see Bestler col. 1, lines 28-32)

Regarding Claims 7, 14, Maillard discloses the apparatus of claims 1, 9, wherein the content is encrypted with the default encryption information. (see Maillard col. 6, lines 45-49; col. 7, lines 46-49; col. 6, lines 55-58: encryption of content utilizing encryption keys) Maillard does not specifically disclose whereby if communication cannot be

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established between the conditional access management system and the conditional access system. However, Bestler discloses wherein content is encrypted with the default encryption information, if communication cannot be established between the conditional access management system and the conditional access system. (see Bestler col. 3, lines 1-6; col. 5, lines 19-22; col. 5, lines 37-39; col. 5, lines 60-63: encryption information (default) utilized for decryption during communications failure)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Maillard as taught by Bestler to enable the capability for encryption with the default encryption information if communication cannot be established. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Bestler in order to enable the capability for a novel and improved method to operate a pay television (cable system) and permit a subscriber to self-authorize his equipment to unscramble pay per view programs. (see Bestler col. 1, lines 28-32)

Regarding Claims 8, 15, 21, Maillard discloses the apparatus according to claims 1, 9, 16, wherein the conditional access system provides selective encryption of the content. (see Maillard col. 6, lines 45-49; col. 7, lines 46-49; col. 6, lines 55-58: selective encryption (encryption of partial content))

Regarding Claim 9, Maillard discloses an apparatus for default encryption, comprising:

a) a conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 6, lines 18-22; col. 6, lines 36-42: access system for management of cable functions, conditional access (CA)

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module (conditional access system))

- b) means for distributing content in the conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 7, lines 54-58; col. 7, line 66 col. 8, line 4: content (encrypted) distributed over communications medium; col. 6, lines 59-65; col. 9, lines 27-31; col. 25, lines 37-39: software implementation, means)
- c) means for managing the conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 6, lines 36-42: conditional access system (conditional access management system); col.
 6, lines 59-65; col. 9, lines 27-31; col. 25, lines 37-39: software implementation, means)
- d) means for communicating between the managing means and the distributing means; (see Maillard col. 10, lines 10-16; col. 12, lines 36-45; command processing, conditional access system; col. 6, lines 59-65; col. 9, lines 27-31; col. 25, lines 37-39; software implementation, means)
- f) means for configuring the storing means with the default encryption information.
 (see Maillard col. 1, line 61 col. 2, line 1: configure encryption information; col.
 6, lines 59-65; col. 9, lines 27-31; col. 25, lines 37-39: software implementation, means)

Maillard discloses wherein means for storing default encryption information for the conditional access system for use by the conditional access system to encrypt certain content. (see Maillard col. 1, lines 33-34; col. 1, line 61 - col. 2, line 1: storage configuration (encryption) information) Maillard does not specifically

discloses whereby a communication failure between the conditional access system and the conditional access management system.

However, Bestler discloses wherein:

e) a communication failure between the conditional access system and the conditional access management system; (see Bestler col. 3, lines 1-6; col. 5, lines 19-22; col. 5, lines 37-39; col. 5, lines 60-63: encryption information (default) utilized for decryption during communications failure)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Maillard as taught by Bestler to enable the capability for encryption with the default encryption information if communication cannot be established. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Bestler in order to enable the capability for a novel and improved method to operate a pay television (cable system) and permit a subscriber to self-authorize his equipment to unscramble pay per view programs. (see Bestler col. 1, lines 28-32)

Regarding Claim 16, Maillard discloses a method of default encryption of content for distribution, comprising:

- a) initializing a default configuration memory with default encryption information;
 (see Maillard col. 1, lines 33-34; col. 6, lines 59-62: memory; col. 1, line 61 col.
 2, line 1: initialize memory; col. 23, lines 8-14: transfer (initialize) with
 configuration (encryption) information)
- b) communicating with a conditional access management system to retrieve active

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encryption information for a conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 23, lines 8-14: receive (transfer) encryption keys, normal operation)

- c) encrypting content for distribution with the active encryption information;
 distributing the content encrypted with active encryption information; (see
 Maillard col. 6, lines 45-49; col. 7, lines 46-49: content encrypted with encryption keys)
 - e) distributing the content encrypted with the default encryption information. (see Maillard col. 7, lines 54-58; col. 7, line 66 col. 8, line 4: content (encrypted) distributed over communications medium)
 - f) encrypting the content with the default encryption information; (see Maillard col. 6, lines 45-49; col. 7, lines 46-49; encrypt content utilizing encryption keys)

Maillard does not specifically disclose if a communication failure occurs between the conditional access management system and the conditional access system. However, Bestler discloses wherein:

if a communication failure occurs between the conditional access management system and the conditional access system:

 d) reading the default encryption information from the default configuration memory; (see Bestler col. 3, lines 1-6; col. 5, lines 19-22; col. 5, lines 37-39; col. 5, lines 60-63: encryption information (default) utilized for decryption during communications failure)

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify
Maillard as taught by Bestler to enable the capability for reading the default
encryption information if communication cannot be established. One of ordinary
skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Bestler in
order to enable the capability for a novel and improved method to operate a pay
television (cable system) and permit a subscriber to self-authorize his equipment
to unscramble pay per view programs. (see Bestler col. 1, lines 28-32)

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Regarding Claim 17, Maillard discloses the method of claim 16, further comprising: if communication is restored between the conditional access management system and the conditional access system:

- a) communicating with the conditional access management system to retrieve active encryption information for the conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 23, lines 8-14: retrieve configuration (encryption) information, normal operation)
- b) encrypting the content for distribution with the active encryption information; (see Maillard col. 6, lines 45-49; col. 7, lines 46-49: encrypt content utilizing encryption information) and
- c) distributing the content encrypted with active encryption information. (see Maillard col. 7, lines 54-58; col. 7, line 66 col. 8, line 4: content (encrypted) distributed over communications medium)

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Regarding Claims 22, 28, 34, 40, Maillard discloses a computer readable medium storing instructions which, when executed on a programmed processor, carry out the process according to claims 16, 23, 29, 35. (see Maillard col. 6, lines 59-65; col. 9, lines 27-31; col. 25, lines 37-39: software implementation)

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Regarding Claim 23, Maillard discloses a method of default encryption of content for distribution, comprising:

- a) initializing a default configuration memory with default encryption information;
 (see Maillard col. 1, lines 33-34; col. 6, lines 59-62: memory; col. 1, line 61 col.
 2, line 1: initialize memory; col. 23, lines 8-14: transfer (initialize) with configuration (encryption) information)
- attempting to communicate with a conditional access management system to retrieve active encryption information for a conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 10, lines 10-16; col. 12, lines 36-45: command processing, conditional access system)
 - e) encrypting the content with the default encryption information; (see Maillard col. 6, lines 45-49; col. 7, lines 46-49; col. 6, lines 55-58: encrypt content with encryption keys) and
 - f) distributing the content encrypted with the default encryption information. (see Maillard col. 7, lines 54-58; col. 7, line 66 col. 8, line 4: content (encrypted) distributed over communications medium)

Maillard does not specifically disclose whereby if communication cannot be established between the conditional access management system and the conditional access system.

However, Bestler discloses wherein:

if communication cannot be established between the conditional access management system and the conditional access system:

 d) reading the default encryption information from the default configuration memory; (see Bestler col. 3, lines 1-6; col. 5, lines 19-22; col. 5, lines 37-39; col. 5, lines 60-63: encryption information (default) utilized for decryption during communications failure)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify
Maillard as taught by Bestler to enable the capability for reading the default
encryption information if communication cannot be established. One of ordinary
skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Bestler in
order to enable the capability for a novel and improved method to operate a pay
television (cable system) and permit a subscriber to self-authorize his equipment
to unscramble pay per view programs. (see Bestler col. 1, lines 28-32)

Regarding Claim 24, Maillard discloses the method of claim 23, further comprising: if communication is achieved between the conditional access management system and the conditional access system:

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- b) receiving active encryption information for the content for distribution in the conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 23, lines 8-14;: receive (transfer) encryption keys, normal operation)
- c) encrypting the content with the active encryption information; (see Maillard col. 6, lines 45-49; col. 7, lines 46-49; col. 6, lines 55-58: content encrypted with encryption keys) and
- d) distributing the content encrypted with active encryption information. (see Maillard (see Maillard col. 7, lines 54-58; col. 7, line 66 col. 8, line 4: content (encrypted) distributed over communications medium)

Regarding Claims 29, 35, Maillard discloses a method of default encryption of content for distribution, comprising:

- a) initializing a default configuration memory with default encryption information; (see Maillard col. 1, lines 33-34; col. 6, lines 59-62; col. 1, line 61 col. 2, line 1: configuration (encryption) information stored in memory)
- b) communicating with a conditional access management system to retrieve active encryption information for the content for distribution in a conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 23, lines 8-14: transfer configuration (encryption) information)
- c) encrypting the content with the active encryption information; distributing the content encrypted with active encryption information; (see Maillard col. 6, lines 45-49; col. 7, lines 46-49; col. 6, lines 55-58; content (encrypted) and distributed)

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d) signaling all set-top boxes within the conditional access system instructing them

to use the active encryption information; (see Maillard col. 10, lines 10-16; col.

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12, lines 36-45: command process, conditional access system; encryption keys

sent to set top box)

f) encrypting the content with the default encryption information; (see Maillard

col. 6, lines 45-49; col. 7, lines 46-49; col. 6, lines 55-58: content encrypted

with default encryption keys)

g) signaling all set-top boxes within the conditional access system instructing

them to use the default encryption information; (see Maillard col. 10, lines 10-

16; col. 12, lines 36-45: command processing, conditional access system; col.

15, line 63 - col. 16, line 3: no communications for some set-top boxes, still

connected set top boxes configure using encryption keys) and

h) distributing the content encrypted with the default encryption information. (see

Maillard col. 7, lines 54-58; col. 7, line 66 - col. 8, line 4: distributed content for

usage by both connected set-top boxes and disconnected set-top boxes)

Maillard does not specifically disclose whereby if a communication failure occurs .

between the conditional access management system and the conditional access

system.

However, Bestler discloses wherein:

if a communication failure occurs between the conditional access management

system and the conditional access system:

e) reading the default encryption information from the default configuration memory; (see Bestler col. 3, lines 1-6; col. 5, lines 19-22; col. 5, lines 37-39; col. 5, lines 60-63: encryption information (default) utilized for decryption during communications failure)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify

Maillard as taught by Bestler to enable the capability for reading the default
encryption information if communication cannot be established. One of ordinary
skill in the art would have been motivated to employ the teachings of Bestler in
order to enable the capability for a novel and improved method to operate a pay
television (cable system) and permit a subscriber to self-authorize his equipment
to unscramble pay per view programs. (see Bestler col. 1, lines 28-32)

Regarding Claims 30, 36, Maillard discloses the method of claims 29, 35, further comprising:

if communication is restored/achieved between the conditional access management system and the conditional access system:

- a) receiving active encryption information for the content for distribution in the conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 7, lines 54-58; col. 7, line 66 col.
 8, line 4: encryption information transferred/received, normal operation)
- b) encrypting the content with the active encryption information; (see Maillard col. 6, lines 45-49; col. 7, lines 46-49; col. 6, lines 55-58: content encrypted with encryption keys)

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c) signaling all set-top boxes within the conditional access system instructing them to use the active encryption information; (see Maillard col. 10, lines 10-16; col. 12, lines 36-45: command processing by conditional access system; col. 1, line

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61 - col. 2, line 1: configure encryption information) and

 d) distributing the content encrypted with active encryption information. (see Maillard col. 7, lines 54-58; col. 7, line 66 - col. 8, line 4: distribute encrypted content)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

6. Claim 41 - 57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Maillard et al. (US Patent No. 7,194,756).

Regarding Claim 41, Maillard discloses an apparatus for default decryption of content, comprising:

a) a conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 6, lines 18-22; col. 6, lines 36-42: access system for management of cable functions, conditional access (CA)

module (conditional access system)) and

b) a configuration memory storing default decryption information for the content for use to decrypt the content when the conditional access system receives signaling instructing it to use the default decryption information. (see Maillard col. 10, lines 10-16; col. 12, lines 36-45: command processing, conditional access system; col. 1, lines 33-34; col. 6, lines 59-62: memory, storage configuration information)

Regarding Claims 42, 48, 54, Maillard discloses the apparatus of claims 41, 47, 52, wherein the default decryption information comprises default decryption keys. (see Maillard col. 1, line 61 - col. 2, line 1: encryption/decryption information (keys) for content encryption)

Regarding Claims 43, 49, 55, Maillard discloses the apparatus of claims 42, 48, 54, wherein the default decryption keys are unique for each of a plurality of channels. (see Maillard col. 1, line 61 - col. 2, line 1; col. 4, lines 49-54: encryption/decryption key unique for each channel)

Regarding Claim 44, Maillard discloses the apparatus of claim 41, wherein, when signaled to initialize the configuration memory, the conditional access system initializes the configuration memory with default encryption information received with the signaling. (see Maillard col. 1, line 61 - col. 2, line 1: configuration information processed)

Regarding Claims 45, 50, 56, Maillard discloses the apparatus of claims 41, 47, 52, wherein the configuration memory comprises a non-volatile memory. (see Maillard col. 1, lines 33-34; col. 6, lines 59-62: non-volatile memory utilized for operational (configuration) information)

Regarding Claim 46, Maillard discloses the apparatus of claim 41, wherein the content is decrypted with the default decryption information upon reception of signaling instructing the conditional access system to use the default decryption information. (see Maillard col. 1, line 61 - col. 2, line 1: communication restored, process configuration (encryption) information)

Regarding Claim 47, Maillard discloses an apparatus for default decryption of content, comprising:

- a) means for receiving content in a conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 7, lines 54-58; col. 7, line 66 col. 8, line 4: received (encrypted) content; col. 6, lines 59-65; col. 9, lines 27-31; col. 25, lines 37-39: software implementation, means)
- b) means for receiving signaling in the conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 6, lines 18-22; col. 6, lines 36-42: conditional access system; col. 10, lines 10-16; col. 12, lines 36-45: command processing; signaling for conditional access system; col. 6, lines 59-65; col. 9, lines 27-31; col. 25, lines 37-39: software

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implementation, means)

c) means for storing default decryption information for content received in the conditional access system for use to decrypt the content when the conditional access system receives signaling instructing it to use the default decryption information; (see Maillard col. 1, lines 33-34; col. 6, lines 59-62: storage configuration information in memory; col. 6, lines 59-65; col. 9, lines 27-31; col. 25, lines 37-39: software implementation, means) and

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d) means for configuring the storing means with the default decryption information.
(see Maillard col. 1, line 61 - col. 2, line 1: configure encryption information; col.
6, lines 59-65; col. 9, lines 27-31; col. 25, lines 37-39: software implementation, means)

Regarding Claim 51, Maillard discloses the apparatus of claim 47, wherein the content is decrypted with the default decryption information upon reception of signaling instructing the conditional access system to use the default decryption information. (see Maillard col. 10, lines 10-16; col. 12, lines 36-45: command processing, conditional access system; col. 1, line 61 - col. 2, line 1: utilize configuration information, encryption keys)

Regarding Claim 52, Maillard discloses a method of default decryption of content, comprising:

a) receiving signaling instructing storage of default decryption information for

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content in a conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 10, lines 10-16; col. 12, lines 36-45: command processing, conditional access system)

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- b) receiving default decryption information for use to decrypt the content when the conditional access system receives signaling instructing it to use the default decryption information; (see Maillard col. 10, lines 10-16; col. 12, lines 36-45: command processing, conditional access system; col. 23, lines 8-14: receive configuration information)
- c) initializing a default configuration memory with the default decryption information; (see Maillard col. 1, lines 33-34; col. 6, lines 59-62; col. 1, line 61 col. 2, line 1: memory, initialized (storage) configuration information)
- d) receiving active decryption information with content in the conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 23, lines 8-14: receive configuration information)
- e) decrypting selected channels with the active decryption information; (see Maillard col. 8, lines 17-22: decrypt content)

if signaling reception instructs use of the default decryption information for the conditional access system:

- f) reading the default decryption information for the content from the default configuration memory; (see Maillard col. 23, lines 8-14; col. 1, line 61 col. 2, line
 1: configure encryption information, normal operation) and
- g) decrypting content with the default decryption information. (see Maillard col. 8, lines 17-22: decrypt content)

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Regarding Claim 53, Maillard discloses the method of claim 52, further comprising: if signaling reception instructs use of active decryption information:

a) receiving active decryption information with the content in the conditional access system; (see Maillard col. 23, lines 8-14: receive configuration information)

b) decrypting content with the active decryption information. (see Maillard col. 8, lines 17-22: decrypt content)

Regarding Claim 57, Maillard discloses a computer readable medium storing instructions which, when executed on a programmed processor, carry out the process according to claim 52. (see Maillard col. 6, lines 59-65; col. 9, lines 27-31; col. 25, lines 37-39: software implementation)

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Carlton V. Johnson whose telephone number is 571-270-1032. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday thru Friday, 8:00 - 5:00PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nasser Moazzami can be reached on 571-272-4195. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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